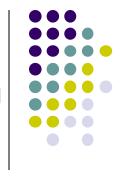




Working Group Meeting

SCAQMD December 15, 2009

Outline Presentation

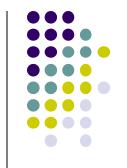


- Overview of Rule Development Process
- Staff Proposal and RTC Reductions Methodology
- Main Issues



Overview

Background

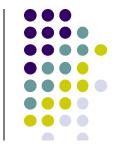


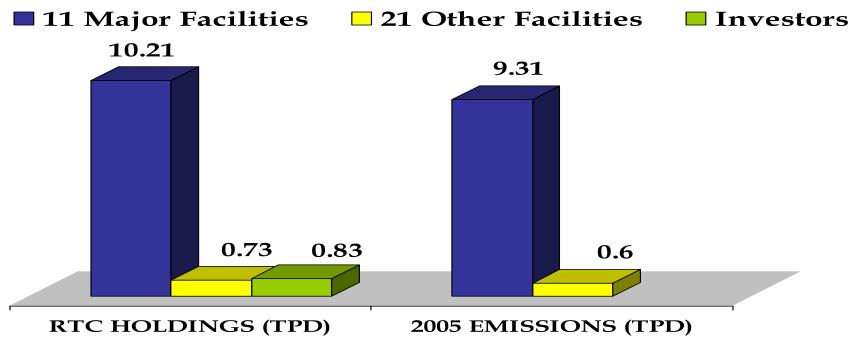
- Cap-and-trade program since 1994
- 30+ facilities; 51% of total stationary source inventory
- Total RTC holdings reduced: 29.9 → 11.7 tons per day (66% reduction)
- Total actual emissions reduced: 19.8 → 10.3 tons per day (48% reduction)
- RTC price(2008): \$1,474/ton
- Number of trades(2008): 58/year (33 @ \$cost & 25 @ no-cost)

Legal Requirements

- State Law Requirements
 - Command and control equivalency
 - Periodic BARCT reassessments
- SIP Commitment
 - 2007 AQMP: Minimum 3 tons per day reductions by 2014
- Other Potential Drivers to Consider
 - Federal 24 Hour
 - EPA Efforts To Tighten Standard
 - More Stringent State Standards

Market Participants



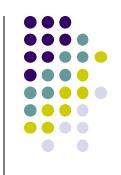


- Refineries (6, with 1 at 2 Locations)
- BP Coke Calciner
- Rhodia (Acid Manufacturing)
- Owens Brockway (Glass Manufacturer)
- California Portland Cement





- Started in February 2008
- Multiple Stakeholders Meetings
- Preliminary Staff Report April 2008
- Public Workshop, CEQA Notice of Preparation & Draft Staff Report - June 2009
- Numerous Meetings with Stakeholders
- Three Stationary Source Committee Meetings
- One Refinery Source Committee Meetings December 2009



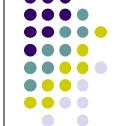
Staff's Proposal & R7C Reduction Methodology

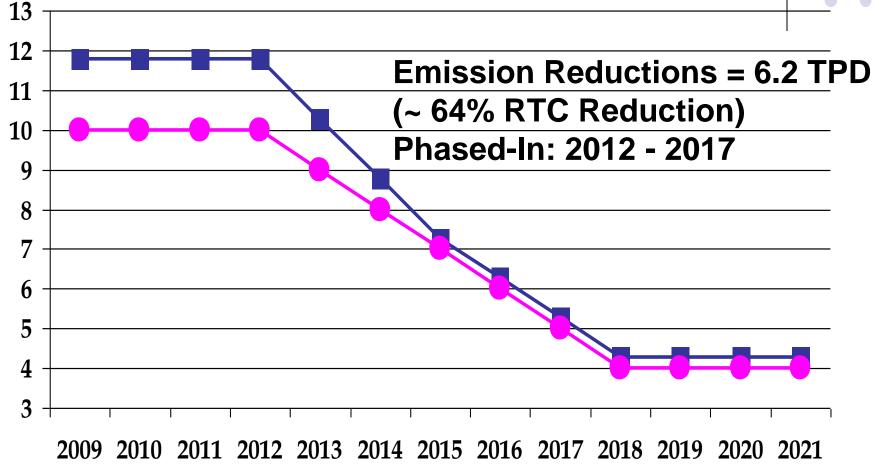




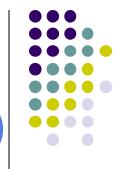
	Tier I (1993 BARCT for Year 2000)	New BARCT	Percent Reduction from Tier I	Cost Effectivene ss
FCCUs	13.7 lbs/Mbarrels feed	5 ppmv 3.25 lbs/Mbarrels feed	80%	\$20 K per ton
SRU/TGs	Reported Value Avg. 9.03 lbs/hour	5 ppmv 5.28 lbs/hour	42%	\$26 K per ton
Boilers Heaters	6.76 lbs/mmscft	40 ppmv 6.76 lbs/mmscft	0%	Not applicable
Sulfuric Acid	Reported Value Avg. 5.08 lbs/ton	10 ppmv 0.14 lbs/ton acid	97%	\$2 K per ton
Coke	Reported Value Avg. 2.47 lbs/ton	10 ppmv 0.11 lbs/ton coke	96%	\$10 K per ton
Container Glass	Reported Value Avg. 2.51 lbs/ton	5 ppmv 0.03 lbs/ton glass	98%	\$5 K per ton
Cement Kiln	Reported Value Avg. 0.05 lbs/ton	5 ppmv 0.04 lbs/ton clinker	20%	\$19 K per ton

Staff Proposal (Cont.)





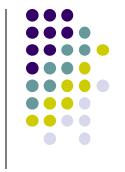
→ RTC HOLDINGS **→** EMISSIONS



Staff Proposal (Cont.)

- Net Investment (Present Value for 25 Years)
 - **= \$745 Million**
- Weighted Average Cost Effectiveness
 - = \$13K Per Ton SOx Reduced
 - (Range: \$2K \$47K Per Ton SOx Reduced)
- CEQA Alternatives: 3 TPD 6.2 TPD Reductions

RTC Reductions Methodology



Consistent with 2005 NOx Methodology As Requested

Projected 2014 Emissions at BARCT Levels = (1997 Baseline x Growth Factor) x BARCT Adj. Factor

RTC Reductions in 2014 = RTC Holdings – (1.1 x Projected 2014 Emissions at BARCT Levels)

where:

1997 Baseline = Actual Emissions in 1997

Growth Factor = SCAG Growth Factor from 1997–2014

BARCT Adj. Factor = Proposed New BARCT/Start Emission Factor

ERC Holdings = 11.76 Tons per Day

1.1 Adjustment Factor = 10% Compliance Margin



Main Issues

BARCT Determination



Issues

- Cost
- Energy
- Other Environmental Impacts (i.e., Water)

Staff Response

- Based largely on Consultants' recommendations and verified by staff
- Remove facility-specific controls C/E exceeding \$50,000/ton. Reduce total compliance costs by 25%.
- Extend implementation period to spread costs
- More cost-effective to address PM2.5 2014, 2020 standards

BARCT Determination (Cont.)

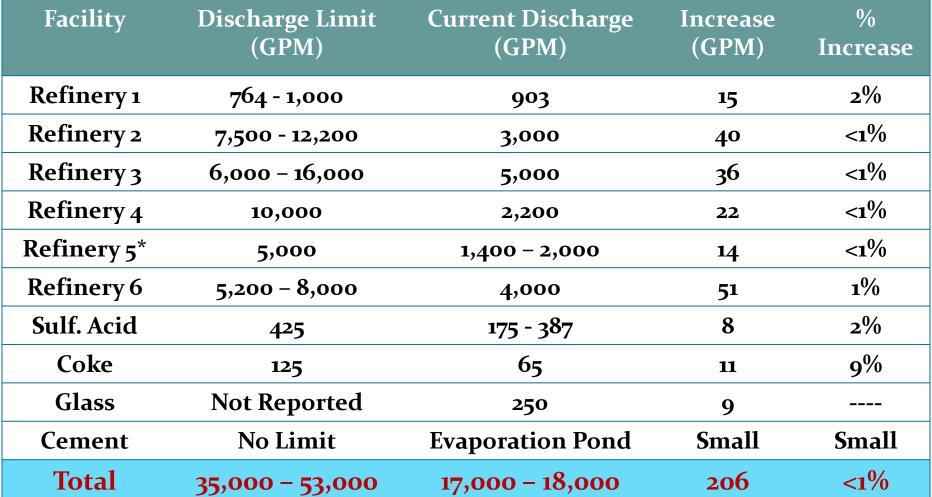
 Water impacts occur. Water suppliers can meet demand. Recycled water & well water available

Facility	Baseline (Million Gals/Day)		
Refinery 1	2	0.04	2%
Refinery 2	9	0.2	2%
Refinery 3	10	0.2	2%
Refinery 4	6	0.06	1%
Refinery 5*	9	0.02	<1%
Refinery 6	12	0.2	2%
Sulfuric Acid	0.7	0.02	3%
Coke	1	0.04	4%
Glass	0.1	0.06	48%
Cement	3	0.1	3%
Total	5 3	1	2%

BARCT Determination (Cont.)

Small increase in wastewater discharge.

No need to revise discharge permits.



Market Viability



Issues

- Not enough trading partners
- Competitiveness issues
- Ability of additional controls beyond BARCT limited
- Uneven distribution of RTC holdings

Staff Response

- C & C equivalency requirement supersedes market viability concerns
- Return portion of reductions to facilities as compliance margin
- Establish a set-aside, non-tradable reserve
- SIP submittal for Phase I reductions only
- Facility cap still better than C&C

Shaving Methodology



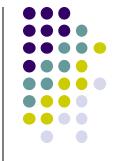
Issues

- Facilities with no equipment subject to new BARCT
- Limited ability to buy RTCs from large facilities

Staff Response

- Shaving methodologies under consideration for facilities with no equipment subject to new BARCT
 - Alternative percent shave
 - Exemption
- Developing SOx reduction protocols (i.e.,PR2512)

Proposal for Alternate Percent Shave



- Shave applied to 11 major facilities and investors
- For the 21 remaining facilities:
 - Not shave RTC holdings below initial allocation
 - Shave RTC holdings portion above initial allocation
- Based on RTC holdings records as of 8/31/09
- Preliminary results

RTC Holdings (TPD)	11 major	21 others	Investors	Non-shave	Total
Start year 2012	10.21	0.05	0.83	0.68	11.77
Year 2018 & beyond	3.31	0.02	0.27	0.68	4.27
% Reduction	67.5%	4%	67.5%	0%	64%



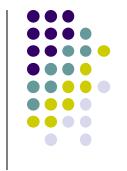
Schedule

Next Steps



- Continue to Meet with Stakeholders
- CEQA, Socio-Economic & Market Analyses
- January 2010 Pre-Hearing
 - Revised Draft Staff Report
- Refinery Committee Meetings
- April 2010 Governing Board Hearing

Market Analysis



- Planning to Hire Consultant
- Seeking Input on Questions to Ask & Consult

Contacts



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- For CEQA Questions & Comments, Contact:
 - Barbara Radlein (909) 396-2716
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